Conjugated π -systems and how to describe them

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This talk will discuss the electronic structure of various π -conjugated systems in terms of simple (tight-binding) models. We will explore the relationship between aromaticity, coherence, and electronic structure, using cyclocarbons, annulenes, and porphyrin nanorings as examples. Cyclo[*n*]carbons (Fig. 1a) are loops of *n* carbon atoms. Recent advances in scanning probe microscopy (SPM) have enabled the on-surface synthesis and characterisation of these unusual molecular carbon allotropes, which have long served as a playground for theoretical approaches [1,2]. We will compare SPM resonance images with high-level ab initio calculations, showing that the electronic structure of cyclocarbons can be captured by a particle-on-a-ring model.



Figure 1. (a) Cyclo[16]carbon. (b) Edge-fused porphyrin nanoring.

Conjugated porphyrin nanostructures (Fig. 1b) display remarkable properties such as quantum interference and length-independent conductance, which make them excellent candidates for molecular electronics [3]. These properties stem from the coherent delocalisation of the wavefunction through the whole molecule, which becomes weaker as the molecule become larger. By analysing the ways in which π -systems can distort, we will estimate the maximum size at which edge-fused porphyrin nanorings (Fig. 1b) can still be expected to exhibit quantum behaviour [4].

References:

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