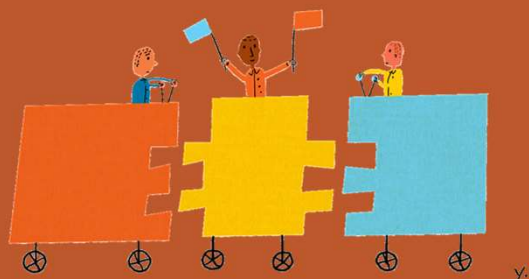


# Computational Study of Deuteration of Palladated Azobenzenes by Cysteine- $d_4$

MARINA JURIBAŠIĆ KULCSÁR,

ALEN BJELOPETROVIĆ, DAJANA BARIŠIĆ, IVAN HALASZ, MANDA ĆURIĆ, STIPE LUKIN

*Computational chemistry day 2023, Zagreb, 16. 09. 2023.*



*Experiments, isolation,  
characterization, spectroscopy:*

dr. sc. Alen Bjelopetrović  
dr. sc. Dajana Barišić  
dr. sc. Manda Ćurić

*Solid-state analysis:*

dr. sc. Stipe Lukin  
dr. sc. Ivan Halasz

*DFT calculations:*

dr. sc. Marina Juribašić Kulcsár

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SOCIETY



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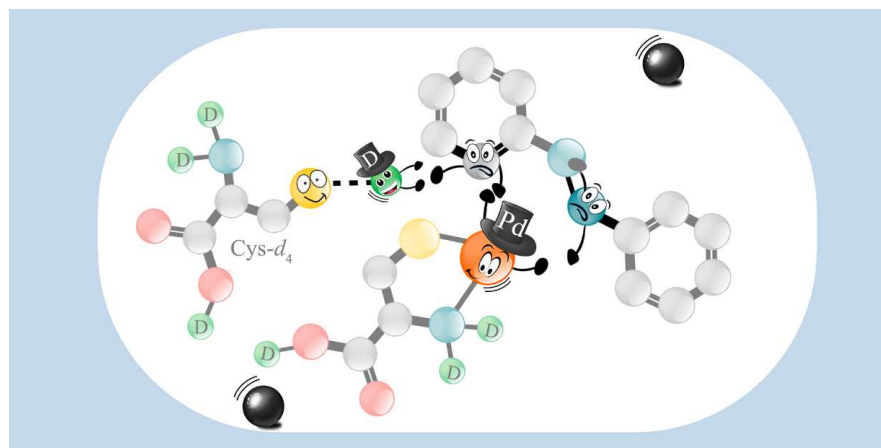
Cite this: DOI: 10.1039/d3qj00932g

## Deuteration of Pd-activated C(sp<sup>2</sup>)-H bonds in the solid state†

Alen Bjelopetrović, <sup>a</sup> Dajana Barišić, <sup>a,b</sup> Marina Juribašić Kulcsár, <sup>a</sup>  
Ivan Halasz, <sup>a</sup> Manda Ćurić<sup>a</sup> and Stipe Lukin <sup>a</sup>

We report mechanochemically-induced deuteration of Pd-activated aromatic C(sp<sup>2</sup>)-H bonds at ambient temperature under solvent-free conditions. Deuterium was sourced from cysteine-*d*<sub>4</sub> to obtain mono- or dideuterated products from various aromatic palladacycles. Next to good deuteration yields, based on time-resolved *in situ* Raman monitoring and DFT calculations, we present a detailed view of the reaction course in the solid state. The obtained knowledge could lead to the broader application of this methodology for the deuteration of organics.

Received 19th May 2023,  
Accepted 29th August 2023  
DOI: 10.1039/d3qj00932g  
[rsc.li/frontiers-inorganic](https://rsc.li/frontiers-inorganic)



# Background – D-labeled compounds

**D-labeled compounds** widely used in:

- mass spectrometry and chromatography
- mechanistic and metabolic studies (*e.g.* kinetic isotopic effects)
- drug discovery and fine-tuning of the drug activity

1<sup>st</sup> deuterated drug, deutetrabenazine, approved for treating chorea associated with Huntington's disease.

*Nat. Biotechnol.* 35 (2017) 493.



Deuteration commonly achieved by:

**Transition-metal-catalyzed hydrogen isotopic exchange (HIE)**

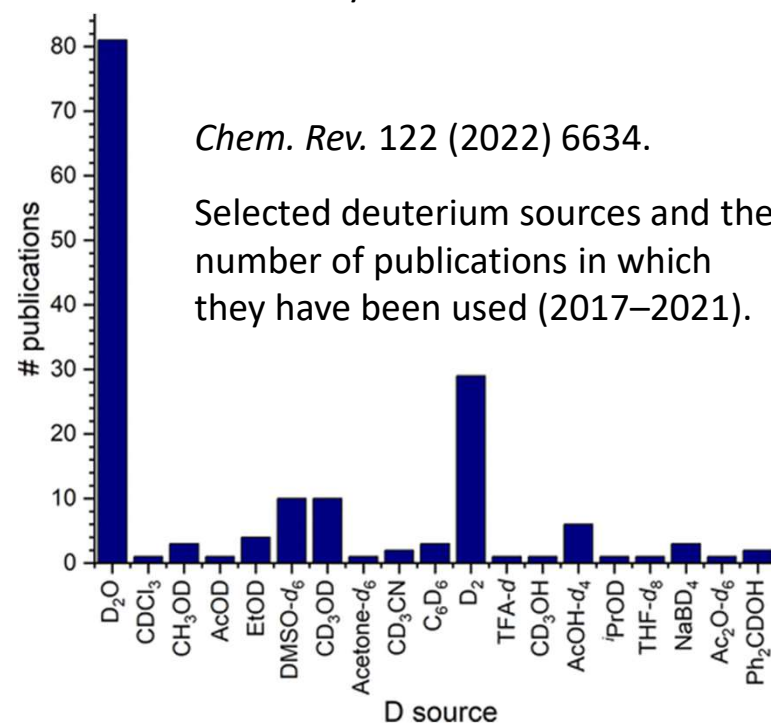
**Pd, Rh, Ru, Mn, Ir-catalyzed *ortho*-Directed HIE**

**D-source** for deuteration:

Usually used in an excess to achieve high enrichments with deuterium

Price ???

Availability ???



# Background – Mechanochemistry

**Mechanochemistry, grinding, milling** = reactions in the solid state

A good alternative to the classical chemistry that can achieve:

- shorter reaction times
- higher yields
- isolation of compounds that are not stable in the solution
- uses solids or liquids as reactants
- no need for a solvent
- **no solubility issues** – synthesis of insoluble compounds or work with insoluble reactants

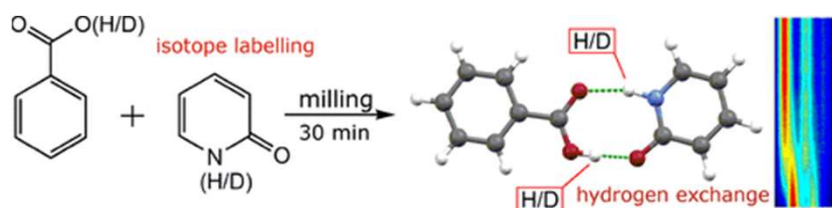
Possible **high influence of the additives and the auxiliary solid** on the reaction outcome



# Background – experimental methodology

S. Lukin et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 141 (2019) 1212.

**Isotope Labeling** Reveals Fast Atomic and Molecular Exchange in Mechanochemical Milling Reactions



Halasz group

More about **Raman monitoring** of the mechanochemical reactions:

S. Lukin et al. *Nature Protocols* 16 (2021) 3492.

**Raman spectroscopy for real-time and *in situ* monitoring of mechanochemical milling reactions**

S. Lukin et al. *Acc. Chem. Res.* 55 (2022) 1262.

**Toward Mechanistic Understanding of Mechanochemical Reactions Using Real-Time *In Situ* Monitoring**

# Background – compounds

2014

1<sup>st</sup> C–H bond activation in the solid state

ChemComm



COMMUNICATION



**Mechanochemical C–H bond activation: rapid and regioselective double cyclopalladation monitored by *in situ* Raman spectroscopy†**

Marina Juribašić,‡ Krunoslav Užarević,‡ Davor Gracin and Manda Ćurić\*

Cite this: *Chem. Commun.*, 2014, 50, 10287

Received 10th June 2014,  
Accepted 17th July 2014

DOI: 10.1039/c4cc04423a

www.rsc.org/chemcomm

**In solution:**

*Inorg. Chem.* 44 (2005) 5975.

*Inorg. Chem.* 47 (2008) 10446.

*Inorg. Chem.* 52 (2013) 12749.

*Inorg. Chem.* 59 (2020) 17123.



Ćurić group

2018

Detailed study of the solid-state C–H bond activation



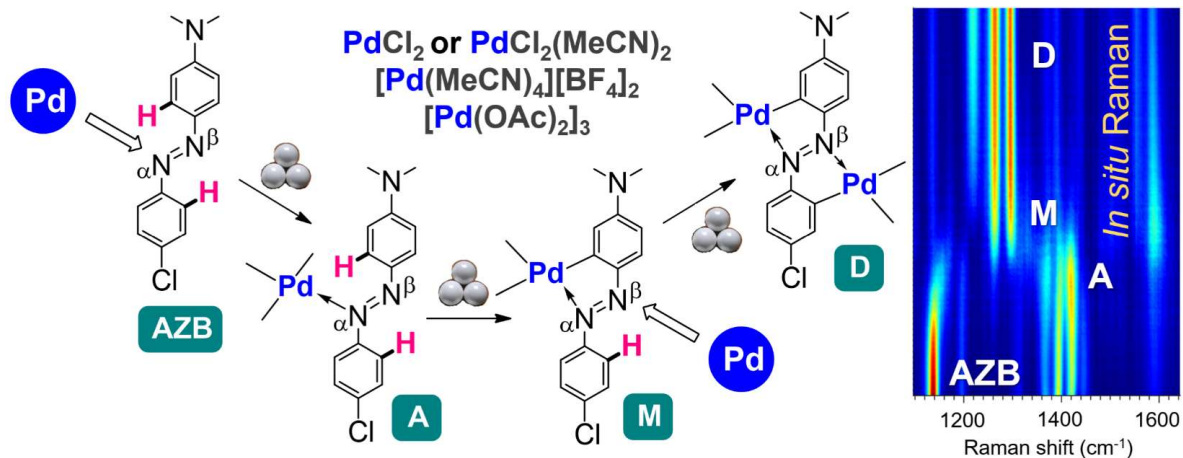
DOI: 10.1002/chem.201802403

CHEMISTRY  
A European Journal  
Full Paper

■ Bond Activation | Hot Paper |

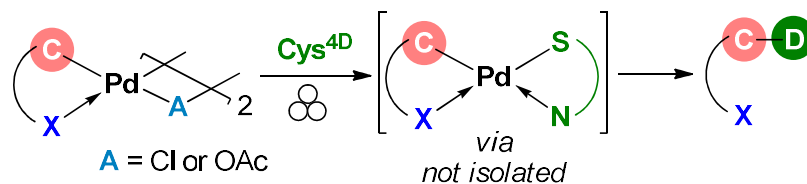
## Mechanism of Mechanochemical C–H Bond Activation in an Azobenzene Substrate by Pd<sup>II</sup> Catalysts

Alen Bjelopetrović,<sup>[a]</sup> Stipe Lukin,<sup>[a]</sup> Ivan Halasz,<sup>[a]</sup> Krunoslav Užarević,<sup>[a]</sup> Ivica Đilović,<sup>[b]</sup> Dajana Barišić,<sup>[a]</sup> Ana Budimir,<sup>[c]</sup> Marina Juribašić Kulcsár,<sup>\*[a]</sup> and Manda Ćurić<sup>\*[a]</sup>



# Concept and experimental setup

## Solid-state deuteration of the aromatic C(sp<sup>2</sup>)-H bonds



Palladated precursor + **Cys<sup>4D</sup>**

Excess of **Cys<sup>4D</sup>** (4 equiv. to Pd)

Mixer mill, 30 Hz

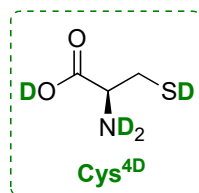
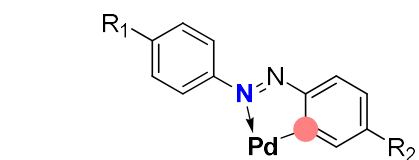
PMMA jar

ZrO<sub>2</sub> ball (4.5 g)

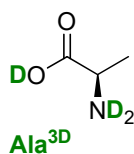
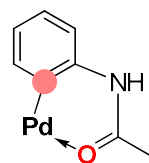
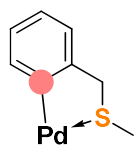
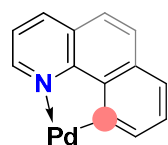
15-48 h

No grinding auxiliary

No additives



58-93 % isolated yield  
Up to 88 % deuteration degree

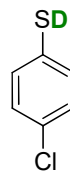


**Gly<sup>2D</sup>**

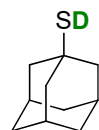
**D<sub>2</sub>O**

**EtOD**

**ND<sub>4</sub>Cl**



**no reaction**



Low isolated yield  
Low deuteration degree

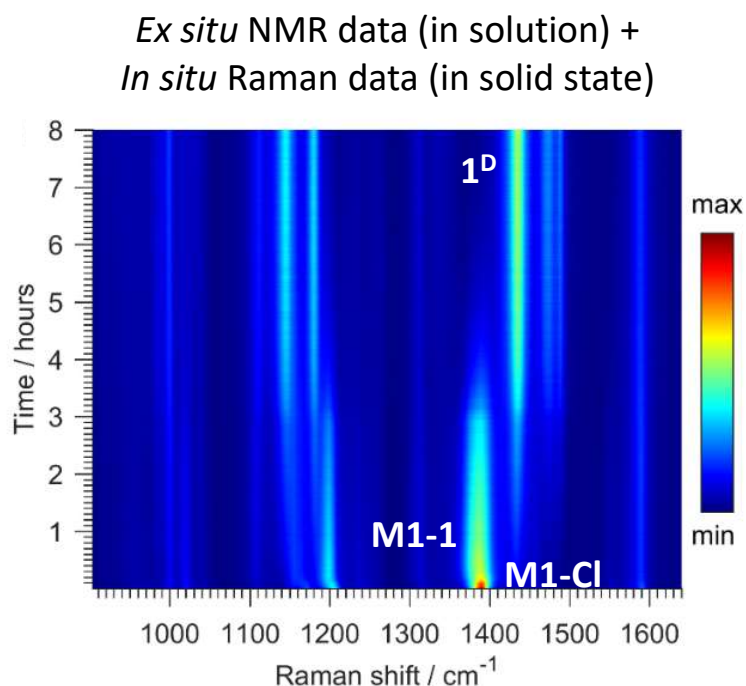


PALLADATED PRECURSORS

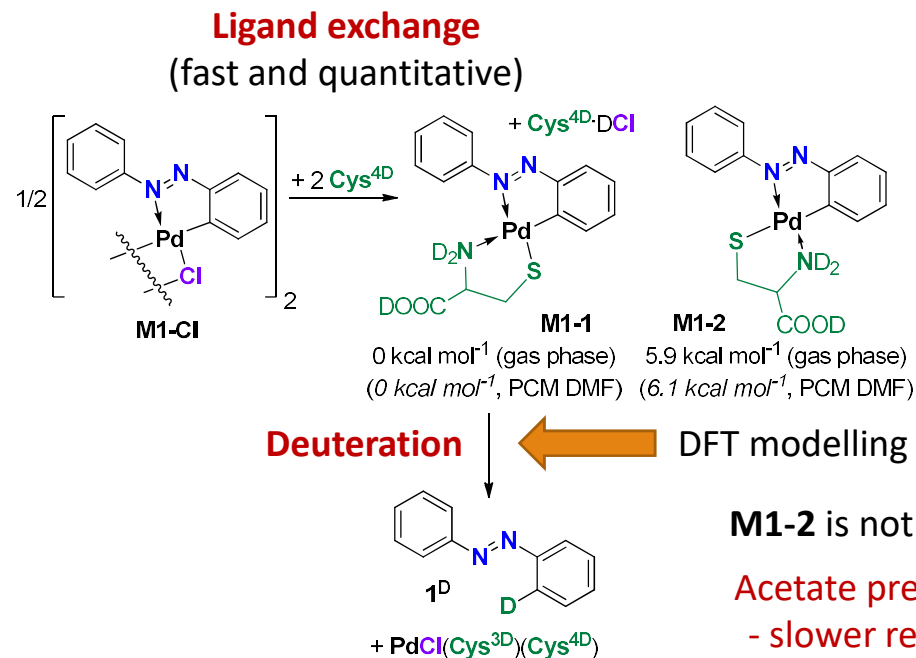
D-source

REACTION CONDITIONS

# Monopalladated precursor – experimental data



2D plot of the time-resolved Raman monitoring of the reaction of **M1-Cl** with **Cys<sup>4D</sup>**.



**M1-2 is not formed.**

**Acetate precursors**  
**- slower reaction!**

**D-source options:**

- |                               |               |                              |
|-------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|
| ➤ <b>Cys<sup>4D</sup></b>     | ➤ <b>DCl</b>  | <i>Preferred D-source?</i>   |
| ➤ <b>Cys<sup>4D</sup>·DCl</b> | ➤ <b>AcOD</b> | <i>D-source donor group?</i> |



# Method

## B3LYP-D3/6-311+G\*\*/SDD(Pd)/gas phase

Other tested methods:

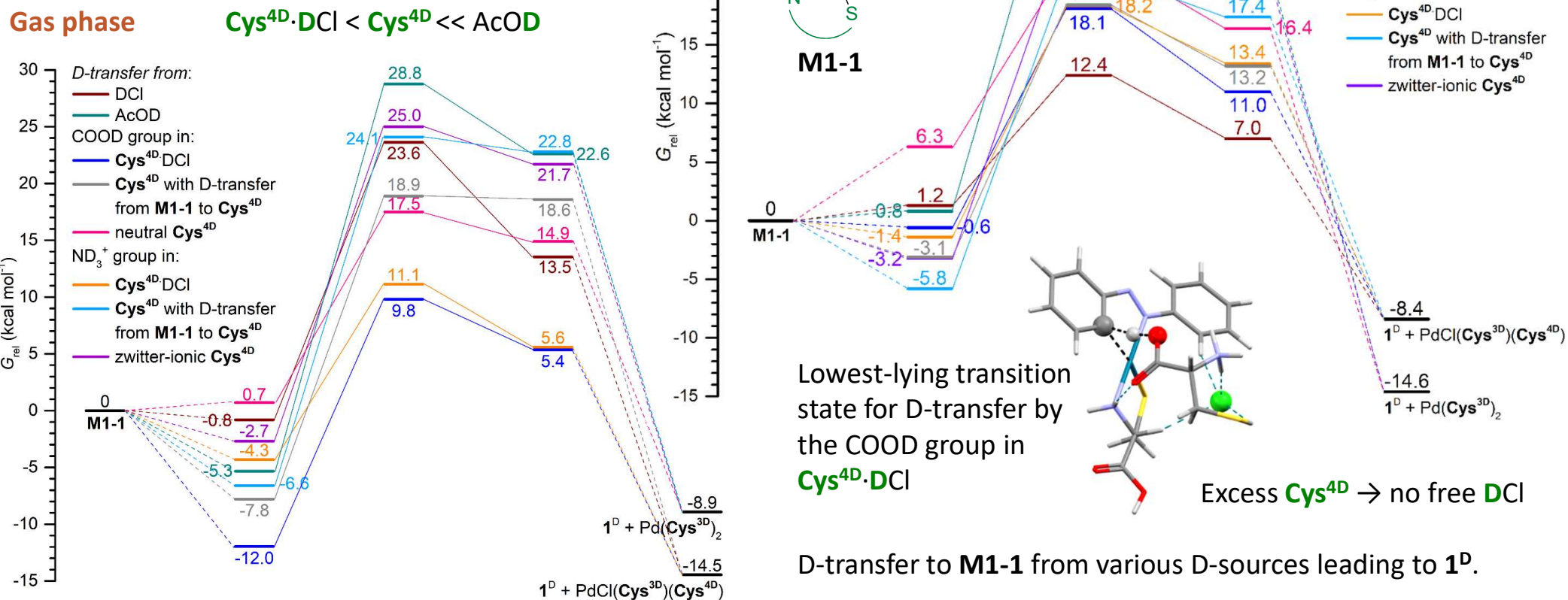
- 1) a small basis set: B3LYP-D3/6-31G\*/SDD(Pd)/gas phase;
- 2) no empirical dispersion correction: B3LYP/6-311+G\*\*/SDD(Pd)/gas phase;
- 3) a more modern basis set: B3LYP-D3/def2tzvp/gas phase;
- 4) a more modern functional:  $\omega$ B97x-D/6-311+G\*\*/SDD(Pd)/gas phase;
- 5) including solvation effects by PCM: B3LYP-D3/6-311+G\*\*/SDD(Pd)/PCM



Recently-published methodology for the medium influence on the solid-state reactions: *ChemSusChem* 14 (2021) 2763.  
→ PCM modelling using dielectric constant calculated from the dielectric constants of the reaction components

- ❌ Dielectric constants of all components in our system are **not available**.
- ✅ PCM modelling used as a rigorous computational check of the medium influence on the computed results. Two solvents, propanoic acid ( $\epsilon = 3.44$ ) and DMF ( $\epsilon = 37.22$ ), were chosen as examples.

# Monopalladated precursor – DFT data

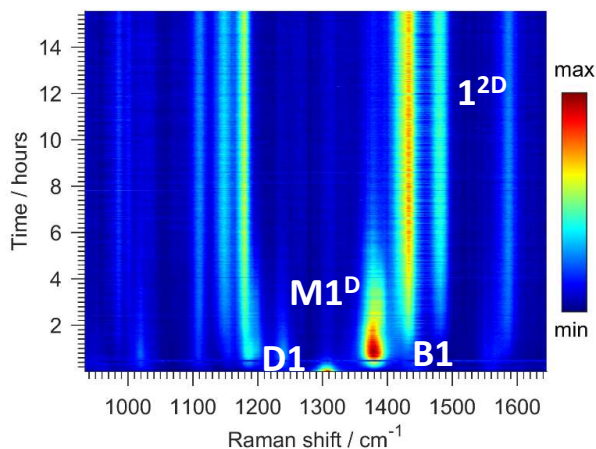


# Dipalladated precursor – experimental data

Fast, quantitative

- 1) Ligand exchange  
Cl/DMF → S-Cys<sup>3D</sup>
- 2) Isomerisation  
Planar → S-bridged

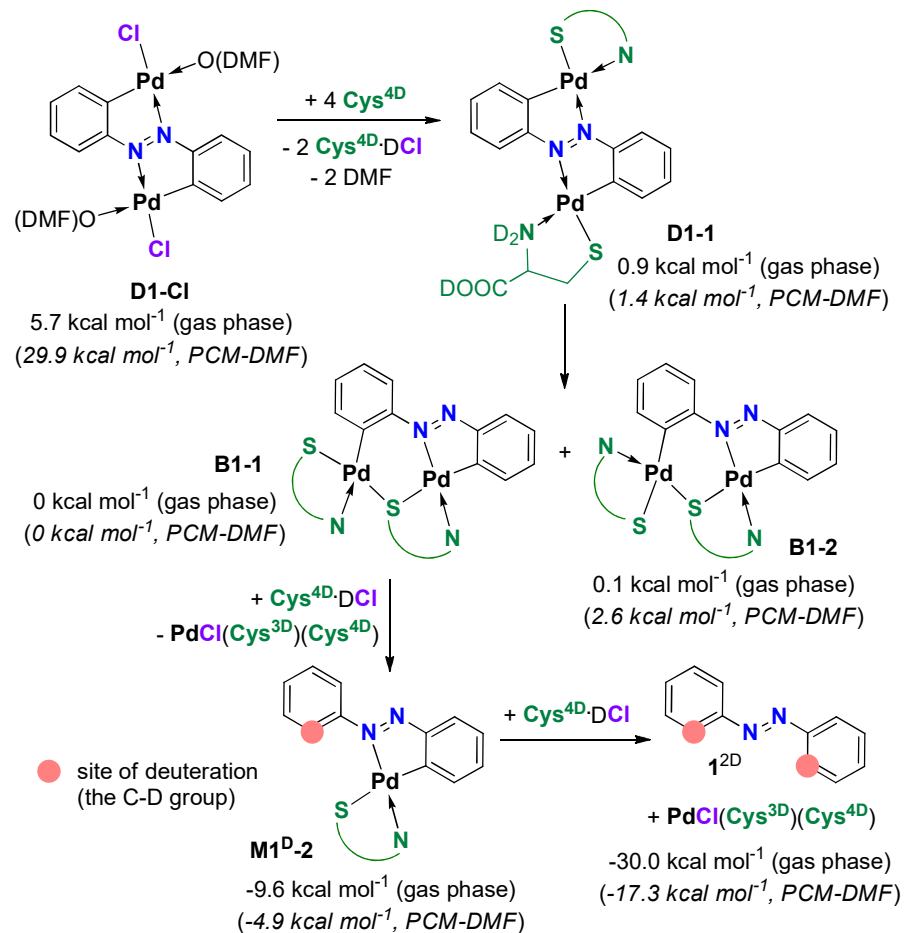
*Ex situ* NMR data (in solution) +  
*In situ* Raman data (in solid state)



2D plot of the time-resolved Raman  
monitoring of the reaction of **D1-Cl** with **Cys<sup>4D</sup>**.

3) Deuteration

DFT modelling



Proposed reaction route from **D1** to **1<sup>2D</sup>**.

# General reaction course

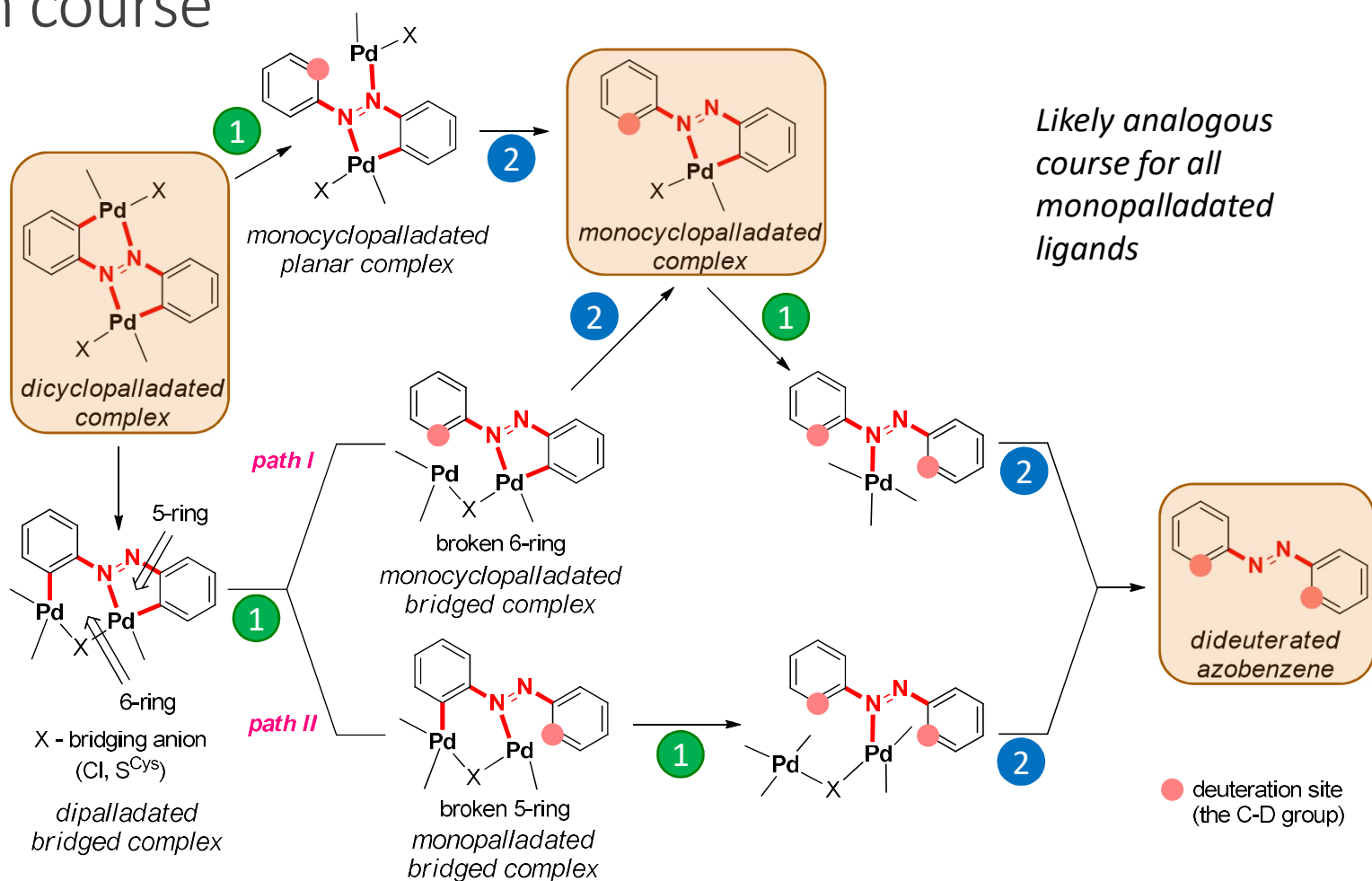
## D-source options:

- Cys<sup>4D</sup>
- Cys<sup>4D</sup>·DCI
- DCI
- AcOD

Preferred D-source?  
D-source donor group?

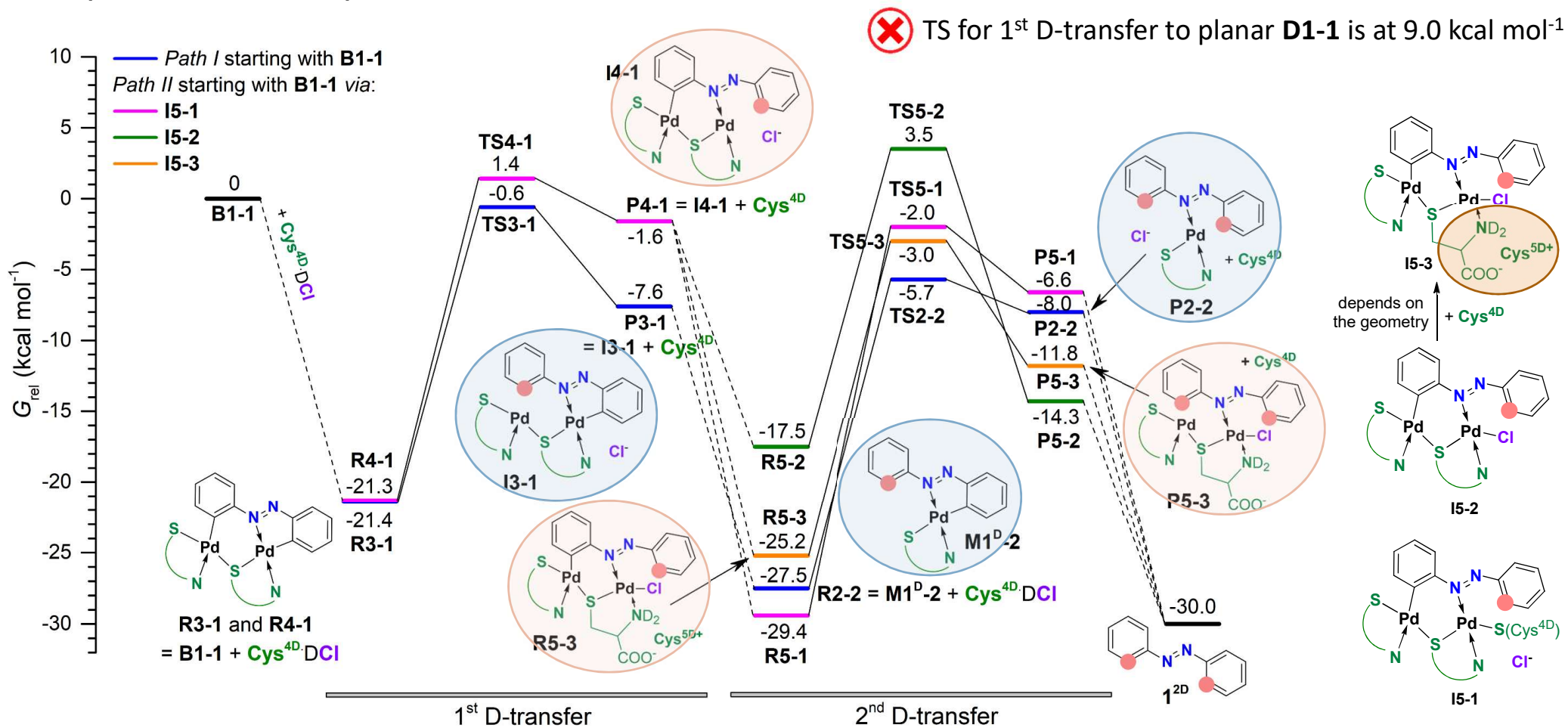
## Deuteration steps:

- 1 Pd–C bond cleavage
- 2 Pd elimination



More on bridged complexes: *Dalton Trans.* 39 (2010) 8769; *Chem. Commun.* 47 (2011) 11543; *Inorg. Chem.* 56 (2017) 5342.

# Dipalladated precursor – DFT data



# Takeaways

## 1<sup>st</sup> solid-state deuteration of C–H bonds

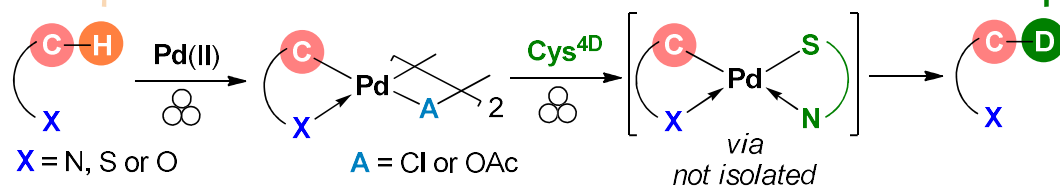
New method for HIE of aromatic  $C(sp^2)$ –H bonds

Regioselective HIE

High yields (up to 93%)

Medium to high deuteration

### Hydrogen isotopic exchange (HIE)



**C–H bond activation**

ChemComm 2014

**deuteration**

Inorg. Chem. Front. 2023

DFT data agree with the experiment

- for mono- and dipalladated precursors:

» cysteine complexes are the first intermediates

- for dipalladated precursors:

» bridged intermediate is preferred rather than

the planar cysteine complex in the 1<sup>st</sup> D-transfer

» six-membered ring is broken first and forms

the monocyclopalladated complex

**Cys<sup>4D</sup>·DCl** is the preferred D-source for the chloride palladated precursors



Synergy of the  
expertise in our  
Laboratory

# Acknowledgements

## FUNDING



HrZZ grants:  
IP-2019-04-9951  
IP-2020-02-1419

## COMPUTATIONAL RESOURCES



**THANK YOU!**



## PEOPLE

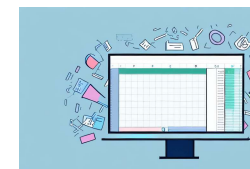
Laboratory for solid-state  
synthesis and catalysis



by AB

Dr. sc. Alen Bjelopetrović  
Dr. sc. Dajana Barišić  
Dr. sc. Stipe Lukin  
Dr. sc. Ivan Halasz  
Dr. sc. Manda Ćurić

Dr. sc. Darko Babić, GTK, ZFK



Dr. sc. Tatjana Šumanovac,  
LSOK, ZOKB

Dr. sc. Sunčica Roca  
Nikolina Višić  
NMR center



Dr. sc. Senada Muratović